**BIOLOGY 2022-23 December 5, 2022**

**Today’s Agenda (Day 65)**

1. HOUSEKEEPING ITEMS

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1. Homework Check:

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1. Class Activity:

🡪 VIDEO: Osmosis Jones – To be cont’d at a later date

🡪DAY 2: Chapter 10 PPT Review

1. **Section 10.1 – Meiosis**
2. **Section 10.2 – Mendelian Genetics**
3. Section 10.3 – Gene Linkage and Polyploidy

HOMEWORK:

* READ: Chapter 9 – Cellular Reproduction
* COMPLETE:
* **STUDY**: Chapter 9 Chapter Test

**CHAPTER 9 VOCABULARY**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Anaphase | Apoptosis | Cancer carcinogen | Cell cycle | Centromere |
| Chromatin | Chromosome | Cyclin | Cyclin-dependent kinase | Cytokinesis |
| Interphase | Metaphase | Mitosis | Prophase | Sister chromatid |
| Spindle apparatus | Stem cell | Telophase |  |  |

**CHAPTER 10 VOCABULARY**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Allele | Crossing over | Diploid | Dominant | Fertilization |
| Gamete | Gene | Genetic recombination | Genetics | Genotype |
| Haploid | Heterozygous | Homologous chromosome | Homozygous | Hybrid |
| Law of independent assortment | Law of segregation | Meiosis | Phenotype | Polyploidy |
| Recessive |  |  |  |  |

REMINDERS:

* **TEST: Ch 9 🡪 ~~Dec. 1~~ Dec. 6**
* **TEST:** **Ch 10 🡪 Dec. 8**
* **MIDTERM EXAM: Ch 1 - 10**

**BIOLOGY 2022-23 READING GUIDE**

**Chapter 10 – Sexual Reproduction & Genetics**

DIRECTIONS: Refer to your textbook to respond to the following questions.

1. What are **homologous chromosomes**. Give an example of a trait found on homologous chromosomes.
2. What are **gametes**? What is **fertilization**?
3. What are the only haploid cells found in humans?
4. How do gametes form? Describe this process.
5. What does Meiosis I start with? What does Meiosis II end with?
6. What is the unique step in prophase 1?
7. What happens in metaphase I that is unique to meiosis?
8. DRAW the picture below and label each phase of meiosis that you have drawn.



1. Describe one event that is happening for each of the pictures you just drew.
2. Compare and contrast **mitosis** and **meiosis**.
3. How does meiosis provide **variation**?
4. What advantage do organisms have that reproduce **sexually** versus **asexually**?
5. What is **heredity**? Who carried out the first studies in heredity?
6. How did Mendel perform **cross-pollination** of his pea plants? How did he prevent self-**fertilization**?
7. Describe the results Mendel got when he crossed pure-breeding yellow seed plants with pure-breeding green seed plants crossed their offspring?
8. How did Mendel determine which trait was **dominant** and which was **recessive**?
9. Why did the green-seed form of the trait not appear in the F1 generation?
10. What does **homozygous** mean? What does **heterozygous** mean? Give an example of each.
11. What it a **phenotype**? What is a **genotype**? Give two possible genotypes for a yellow seed phenotype.
12. What is the **law of segregation**?
13. Yy could be described as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
14. Why were Mendel’s first experiments called **monohybrid crosses**?
15. How is the **law of independent assortment** related to meiosis?
16. What is the genotype ratio for a Tt to Tt cross?
17. What is the phenotype ratio for a Tt to Tt cross?
18. What is meant by “**linked genes**”?
19. What do **chromosome maps** show?
20. Compare and contrast **polyploidy** in humans and plants.